THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, April 6, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

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☞ Letters and communications, by mail hall have prompt attention.

OUR UNION.

Dissolve the mighty Union!
Go stop your rolling sun—
Blot out the planets from their spheres,
Which now in order run;
Go stop the raging billows—
Go calm the raging sea—
And then the mighty Union
May be dissolved by thee.

Dissolve this happy Union!
Command God to sleep,
And cause the sons of freedom
In bitterness to weep.
But hark! they say with one accord,
This blessed land shall shine,
The freedom of this country
Be preserved by power Divine!

Dissolve this matchless Union!
Oh! what a wicked thought!
To blast this mighty structure
That was so dearly bought.
Dissolve this starry Union!
Go hide your shameless heads—
Behold! the mighty hand of God
Her spangled banner spreads.

Dissolve this wide spread Union!
Her mountains on you frown;
Volcanoes in their fury rise
In floods, to sweep you down.
But hark! from every State the sound
Of Union still is heard;
Her countless sons assemble round
Their banners at a word.

Great Outrage.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, with the army of the Cumberland, narrates the following incident:

A certain wealthy old planter, who used to govern a precint in Alabama, in a recent skirmish, was taken prisoner, and at a late hour brought into camp, where a guard was placed over him. The aristocratic rebel supposing everything was all right—that he was secure enough anyway as a prisoner of war—as a committee of the whole resolved himself into "sleep's dead slumber." Awakening about midnight, to find the moon shining full into his face he chanced to "inspect his guard," when horror of horrors, that soldier was a negro!—*And, worse than all, he recognized in that towering form, slowly and steadily walking a beat, one of his own slaves!*

Human nature could not stand that. the prisoner was enraged, furious, and swore he would not. Addressing the guard, through clenched teeth, foaming at the mouth, he yelled out:

"Sambo!"

"Well massa."

"Send for the Colonel to come here immediately. My own slave can never stand guard over me; it's a—outrage; no gentleman would submit to it."

Laughing in his sleeve, the dark faced soldier promptly called out "corpl de guard!"

That dignity appeared, and presently the colonel followed.

After listening to the southerner's impassioned harrangue, which was full of invectives, the colonel turned to the negro with—

"Sam!"

"Yes, colonel!"

"You know this gentleman, do you?"

"Ob course; he's massa B., and has big plantation in Alabama."

"Well, Sam, just take care of him to night!" and the officer walked away.

As the sentinel again paced his beat, the gentleman from Alabama appealed to him in an argument

"Listen, Sambo!"

"You hush, dar; it's done gone talkin' to you now. Hush, rebel!" was the negro's emphatic command, bringing down his musket to a charge bayonet position, by way of enforcing silence.

These, says the *Commonwealth*, are very sad occurrences, and they are increasing every day. War is a terrible leveller. The man who has been hardening his muscles by hard work for twenty or thirty years, will be pretty sure when he gets a fair chance—an open field and fair play—to get the upper hand of the man who never did anything more like work than "larrupping niggers."

☞ "Quilp" is a great admirer of children and says he likes the crying ones best. A matron, with a baby in her arms, smiled at his odd fancy and asked him the reason of it. "Why, you see, madam," said Quilp, "I have observed that in well ordered families as soon as a child cries, they carry it out of the room."

BEAVER ARGUS.

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Official Report of the Examination of the Rev. Dr. Armstrong, of Norfolk, Va., who was Recently Banished by Order of Gen. Butler.

It has already been announced that General Butler has sent the Rev. Jas. D. Armstrong, D. D., of Norfolk, Va., to work upon the fortifications at Hatteras as a punishment for disloyal practices. The following is the official report of the examination of this disloyal clergyman:

Question. Do you call yourself a loyal man in letter and spirit to-day? Answer. I prefer not answering.

Q. What is the name of that gentleman who had taken the oath, and while coming out of the Custom House with you, made the remark that he "would like to spit upon Northern Yankees," or something to that effect? A. I prefer not answering.

Q. Have you ever in your pulpit alluded favorably to the Southern cause? A. I preached a sermon on the recommendation of the Southern Congress.

Q. Did you object at that time to doing so? A. No, sir.

Q. Have you since the commencement of the war preached in your pulpit a sermon favorable to the Union cause, or that would please the loyal and displease the disloyal? A. No, sir.

Q. Where were you born? A. In New Jersey. I came to Virginia when about nineteen years old.

Q. Have you determined in your mind not to pray for or allude to the President of the United States, the authorities, the armies and navies thereof, that they may be successful in all their efforts to put down this wicked rebellion? A. I have.

Q. Do you think this a wicked rebellion? A. No. sir.

Q. Have you, since the commencement of the war, opened your Church on any fast or Thanksgiving day recommended by the President of the United States? A. No, sir.

Q. Did you ever open your Church on Jeff. Davis' recommendation? A. There has been meeting for prayer.

Q. Should the President of the United States, within a short time, recommend a day of thanksgiving or fast, with a view that Christians would unite in prayer for the overthrow of all rebels in arms against the Government of the United States, would you willingly open your Church and take charge of such meeting to that end? A. I should not.

Q. Do you look upon slavery as a divine institution? A. I look upon it as allowable.

Q. Did you look upon the hanging of John Brown as just and right? A. I did.

Q. Would you look upon the hanging of any of the prominent rebels—Jeff. Davis, for instance—as just and right? A. I should not.

Q. Are you religiously and morally opposed to capital punishment. A. I am not.

Q. Do you look upon Jeff. Davis or any of his confederates as deserving any severe punishment for their public acts against the Government since the commencement of the war? A. I do not.

Q. Do you sympathize with the Union cause or with the Confederate? A. With the Confederate.

Q. Do you look upon Jeff. Davis, Wigfall, J. M. Mason, and their former colleagues in the United States Congress just proceeding the year 1860, as perjured men, and deserving a traitor's reputation for all time, until they show works meet for repentence? A. I do not.

Q. Did or do you now regret the Federal loss at Smithfield a few weeks since? A. I prefer not answering.

Q. Do you think the attack on Fort Sumter by the rebels justifiable? A. I prefer not answering.

Q. Do you thing the South justifiable in ever firing on the old flag? A. I do.

Q. Should you know of any blockade runners or secret mail carriers to or from the rebels would you give immediate information thereof to our authorities that they might be detected and punished as traitors deserve? A. I would not have anything to do with it.

☞ At a dancing match at Chicago lead recently, a buxom Dutch girl danced nine hours in succession, when her partner acknowledged himself fairly beaten and very tired. The damsel then took six glasses lager and quietly went to breakfast.

Terrible Calamity at Sheffield England.

The London papers of March 16th give detailed accounts of the fearful calamity at Sheffield, England, briefly noted in the foreign summary in yesterday's paper. On Saturday, March 12, the reservoir of the waterworks at Sheffield, covering seventy-six acres, and containing over a million cubic feet of water, suddenly burst its boundaries, overflowing the adjacent country, and causing great destruction of life and property. It is estimatd that more than two hundred persons were drowned in the rush of the waters.

The London *Times* says:

"Many months must elapse before the buildings are restored, and years must go by before the face of the country can wear the aspect of verdure and careful cultivation which it bore on Friday night. The river, though fallen, is far from being as low as it generally is at this time of the year, and every furlong of the stream's banks exhibits almost innumerable traces of the inundation—such as trees, balks, and beams of timber, firmly embedded in its bed.—The open land in this neighborhood is still mostly under water, and as that drains off a number of bodies will, it is feared exposed to view. The large hollows which abound are filled up by the hundreds of cartloads of mud which are deposited in them. The great manufacturers are busily engaged cleaning out their warehouses and polishing their machinery, which had become rusty by the water.—Round Neepsend and by Hillsborough and Owlerton road, where the great mischief fell, the inhabitants of the houses are busily engaged pumping the water out of their cellars.—Wallers and masons are engaged in rebuilding, wherever practicable, the walls that have been washed down.—Further down, in the gardens opposite, at the other side of the river, a very painful incident occurred. Two or three men were engaged in removing the rubbish of one of the small, inhabited garden-houses. Near them stood a young woman, with two children clinging to her dress, the only ones saved from the wreck of their cottage. The rubbish had almost been cleared away when the leg of a human being was exposed to view.—Brick after brick was removed, until the poor woman recognized the remains of her husband. A little above where this incident occurred the corpse of a child was brought out of the mud in an open space near the old Brewery. About twenty yards from this the body of a man was also found.

"In the Kelham rolling mills the escape of the workmen was very narrow indeed. The first alarm was given by a man who had been asleep at the botton end of the mill, and who was awoke by the rushing in of the waters. He hastened to where his fellow-workmen were getting dinner—these men being what are called the 'night shift'—and gave them warning. Fortunately, the gates of the the yard were closed, and the men had no mens of getting out by these means. Had they done so they would inevitably have been swept away by the tide which passed in front of the buildings. They climbed on the roof, and as has already been told, contrived, in their extreme eagerness to escape, to set it on fire in doing so. But the more remarkable circumstance remains to be told.—The man who gave the alarm, and who was the means of saving the lives of so many of his fellow workmen lost his father, mother, wife and two children, who lived at Malin Bridge; and his own bedstead, with other of his furniture, floated into the mills where he, with others, was a prisoner—a distant of not less than two and a half miles. In another part of Kellam Island a man and his wife, who occupied a small cottage, on hearing the noise of the waters went out to save their pig. Both were swept away by the torrent, and the pig as well."

☞ An Irish officer upon seeing a beautiful picture sketched upon a wall in America, exclaimed:

"It's a fine painting, but it was never done in America."

"Oh, sir," says his friend, "don't you see it is on a solid wall, and therefore must have been done in this country?"

"Ah," replied he, "I see that plain enough, but I only mean that the man who did it was never in America."

The Speaker's Page.

No one who has been accustomed to attend the sessions of Congress for the past fifteen years has failed to notice at the right of the Speaker, a tall, slim, pale-faced, sharp-looking lad, who gradually grew into manhood, and still retained his position and title, which was that of "Speaker's page." No matter what party was in power in Congress, Thad. Morrice was retained. Every new Speaker found him an almost indispensable assistant. Standing just at the Speaker's elbow, with his arm leaning upon the desk and his chin resting upon his hand, which was between the Speaker and the audience, and in that attitude of whispering to the Speaker, the faithful Thaddeus has stood, during many sessions of Congress, the prompter of Boyd, Orr, Banks, Pennington, Grow, and Colfax. It is said he knew more of parliamentary law than any man in America. And he knew every man in all these Congresses; it was his special business to know them. No Speaker could get along with such an assistant, at first.

When Pennington was Speaker, a good portion of all the words he uttered were literally put into his ear by Thad. He did not know one-quarter of the members even by sight, and was sadly deficient in parliamentary law. When any member arose, he would say, "the gentleman from"—generally without the least idea what State he was to name, but so prompt was Thad. to give it, and so unobserved in doing so, that not one in a hundred who was not cognizant with the process, would imagine but what Pennington knew all the members. And many and many a time the old man would commence the statement of a question, not knowing how he was to finish his sentence, which was furnished and finished by the youthful parliamentarian at his elbow. No Speaker that ever presided over the House was so well able to dispense with the services that Thad. [illegible] as Schuyler Colfax, the present Speaker was elected by an American House of Representatives; yet Mr. Colfax cannot fail to miss greatly the "Speaker's page," and many old members, amid the bustle and hurry of legislative affairs, will find time to indulge in a retrospective glance at the services, and pay a tribute to the memory of the ever faithful Thaddeus Morrice, whose prompt and timely needful words will never be whispered again into the ear of another Speaker.

Sound Words by a Kentuckian.

A dispatch from Lexington, Ky., of the 28th ult., says: The patriotic citizens of this vicinity filled the Court House to its full capacity, this evening, to listen to an address on the War, and the relation of Kentucky to it, by Hon. Green Clay Smith. After tracing the early history of secession in the States, and the fictitious pleas of peace uttered by the Secessionists of Kentucky, he passed to the duty of her loyal citizens under the present exigency. He had pledged himself to vote men and money to put down the rebellion. Unlike his opponent, he had kept his pledge as a necessary means to prosecute the war. The conscript law had been passed by Congress. He had voted for the amendment to pay loyal owners for their slaves who were conscripted. The negro was no better worth saving from the rebel bullet than a white man. A negro could dig ditches or drive teams as well as his son or brother, drafted to do the servile work of the army. Not less than 150,000 negroes were even now employed by the Government for army purposes, as laborers or soldiers. If the negro is too good for such work, then 150,000 white men must be drafted to fill their places.

He uttered a withering denunciation of the Congressmen from Kentucky, who had condemned the peace party of the North when candidates, and now sought to transfer the loyal party of Kentucky bodily to that detestable clique. His defense of his votes in Congress was complete, and called forth the most hearty indorsement of the audience. In reference to the Presidential election he stated that he did not know who the Union candidate would be, but he would be elected. He should attend the Baltimore Convention himself, and would stand by its nominee.

☞ However many counsellors thou mayest have, yet forsake not the counsel of thine own soul.

"Firing the Southern Heart."

If the Southern heart is not fired it will not be for want of combustible materials furnished by the Southern press. For instance, we pluck the following fire-brand from the Richmond *Whig*:—

"We may not, it is true, be able to send a raiding party to dash into Philadelphia or New York to do the work; nor have we artillery that will carry Greek fire far enough to reach them; but we have that which will go further than horsemen can ride, and will penetrate what the mightiest artillery would make no impression on—we have money. A million dollars would lay in ashes New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Washington, and all their richest cities, and the men to do the business may be picked up by the hundred in the streets of those very cities. If it should be thought unsafe to use them, there are daring men in Canada, of Morgan's and other commands, who have escaped from Yankee dungeons, and who would rejoice at an opportunity of doing something that would make all Yankeedom howl with anguish and consternation.

☞ A half famished fellow in the Southern States, tells of a baker whose loaves had been growing "smaller by degrees and beautifully less," who, when going his rounds to serve customers, stopped at the door of one and knocked, when the lady within exclaimed, "Who's there?" and was answered, "the baker." "What do you want?" "To leave your bread." "Well, you not make such a fuss about it—put it through the keyhole."

☞ My friend called my attention to this remarkable psychological fact, namely. There is no such thing as a female punster. This remark struck me forcibly, and on reflection, I found that I *never knew or heard of one*, tho' I have once or twice heard a woman make a single detached pun, as I have known a hen to crow.—*Holmes.*

☞ Like the Prodigal Son.—A young wife remonstrated with her husband, a dissipated spendthrift, on his bad conduct

"My love," said he, "I am only the prodigal son, I shall return by and by."

"And I will be like the prodigal son, too," she replied, "for I will arise and go to my father," and off she went.

☞ To gain a correct acquaintance with human nature, it is not necessary to move in a public or extensive sphere. A more limited circle of observation conduces to greater minuteness and accuracy. A public mode of life is favorable to a knowledge of manners; a private, to a knowledge of character.

☞ Two friends meeting, one remarked, "I have just met a man who told me I looked exactly like you."

"Tell me who it was, that I may knock him down," replied his friend.

"Don't trouble yourself," replied he, "I did that myself at once."

☞ An old lady who had been reading the famous moon story very attentively, remarked with emphasis that the idea of the moon's being inhabited was incredible. "For," says she, "what becomes of the people in the moon when there is nothing but a little streak of it left?"

☞ "Come, Bob, how much have you cleared by your speculations?" said a friend to his companion. "Cleared!" answered Bob, with a frown; "Why, I've cleared my pockets."

"Have the jury agreed?" asked a judge of a Court attache, whom he he met upon the stairs, with a bucket in his hand. "Yis," replied Patrick, "they have agreed to send out for a half gallon!"

☞ "Six feet in his boots!" exclaimed Mrs. Partington. "What will the importance of this world come to, I wonder! Why they might as well tell me that he had six heads in his hat!"

☞ A poor wit was told that his jokes had furnished daily food for conversation. "Then," said he, "conversation has thriven better on them than I have."

☞ Say nothing respecting yourself, either good, bad, or indifferent; nothing good, for that is vanity; nothing bad, for that is affectation; nothing indifferent, for that is silly.

Why a Southern Born Man is Anti-slavery.

There was an immense Union war meeting at Bryan Hall, Chicago, on Thursday evening, the 17th ult., at which Gov. Yates of Illinois, was the principal speaker. In the course of his remarks he said:

I am anti-slavery, not because I was born in New England, and have my prejudices against the Southern people, but because I was born in the South; there center all the memories of my youth—there is the home of my kindred, and I believe that the warm genial pulsations of humanity flow in as deep current through Southern veins as in any people beneath the sun—but slavery has been the canker of the South to eat out both its substance and its manhood, and to subject it to a boastful, insulting, arrogant aristocracy, which from the habit of tyrannizing over the poor slave, has become too pampered and arrogant to submit to the rightful authority of good government and laws. Slavery not only oppressed the African race, sundered husband from wife and father from son, exacting service without remuneration, but degraded the poor white man, deprived him of his rights, reduced the wages of his labor, divided the land into large plantations, so that the white population was sparse, and schools few and remote. It stood as a perpetual living wall, a black and ghastly speeter to roll back the tide of emigration which was pouring from Europe and New England, and which sought the prairies and woods of the Northwest, and which under the genius and life-giving energy of free labor and free institutions, has marched forward with stalwart giant tread to wealth and power, while the South, with its fertile soil and genial sky has drooped and withered beneath the curse of slavery. It is for the South, as well as for the welfare of the country, that I wish to see slavery extinguished. Small farms, free labor, free schools, a free Press and open Bibles, free institutions will make the South bloom and blossom as the rose. [Loud cheers.] Whenever self-poised and conscious of her moral status and power—when every man can lift up to God unfettered limbs and soul—then the South will start with a bound; emigration, and genius, and art and enterprise will seek her sunny hills and vales; and these shall be the Lookout Mountains upon her deliverance and a race of unending progress to wealth, power and renown. [Lengthened applause.]

Grant and Bragg.

The New York *Times* institutes a comparison between the respective Commanding Generals, Grant and Bragg:

Bragg's name is synonymous with disaster—Grant's with victory. The Richmond *Examiner* says that Bragg's "career has been a long, unvaried and complete failure," the very reverse of which statement would be nearly the truth concerning Grant. Bragg's first undertaking of importance resulting in his failure at Pensacola; Grant's first large action was his triumph at Donelson. Bragg's last battle was at Chattanooga, where his whole army was routed by Grant.—Against Grant's Vicksburgh, we have Bragg's Murfreesboro; against Grant's Champion Hills we have Bragg's Perryville. Grant flanked the rebels at Bowling Green and Columbus, and Bragg got flanked at Tullahoma and Shelbyville. Grant began operations at Cairo, and the sweep of his successive victories, as he marched onward, extended a thousand miles. Bragg once had his army on the Ohio, and his successive retreats from there covered several hundred miles. So we might go on, contrasting in still other respects the history of the two Generals, who are now the ranking officers of the two armies.

A Bit of Advice to Boys.—"You are made to be kind," says Horace Mann, generous and magnanimous—If there is a boy in the school who has a club foot, don't let him know that you ever saw it. If there is a poor boy with ragged clothes, don't talk about rags in his hearing. If there is a lame boy, assign him some part of the game which does not require running. If there is a hungry one give him part of your dinner. If there is a dull one, help him to get his lesson. If there is a bright one, be not envious of him, for if one boy is proud of his talents, and another is envious of them, there are to great wrongs, and no more talents than before. If a larger or stronger boy has injured you, and is sorry for it, forgive him, and request the teacher not to punish him. All the school will show by their countenance how much better it is than to have a great fuss.

☞ A Louisiana Unionist, who enlisted in the 12th Connecticut regiment, and came with it on its recent furlough, recently said: "Since I came here I have heard more treasonable talk and read more treasonable articles than I did for months in the South among Southern men before I left there. The Union men of the South didn't permit such talk within Union lines."

☞ Communities prosper and flourish, droop and decline, in just the degree they practice or neglect to practice the primary duties of justice and humanity.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of Brevier measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Gen. Grant and the Ladies.

A few evenings ago, the ladies of Washington, partaking of the enthusiasm of the hour, congregated in the parlors at Willard's, and signified by a messenger to General Grant, who was a guest of the house, that they desired an interview with him. The General came down from his quarters, and a very pleasant levee was held by him. Many of the ladies succeeded in getting the General's autograph an object which was eagerly sought for. In the course of the interview, an elderly lady applied to the General for an autograph in behalf of a handsome mother of six children who was present, but when his sharp military eye fell upon the applicant, he immediately stipulated that she should make the request in person. She did so, and received the coveted bit of hand writing.

At another interview, a lady who had just returned from the front, was reciting in high glee the festive scenes they had enjoyed during the winter, in the army, expressing her regrets that the General himself had not been present to share them. He replied that if he had been there, such occurrence would never have taken place. Just then still another lady coaxingly inquired if she could not be allowed to go to the army and witness some of the brilliant reviews.

"Yes, madam," replied Gen. Grant; "you may come down when Mrs. Grant comes."

Grant's First General Order.—General Grant's first General Order is as follows:

Notice to Employees in Military Rail way Service.—The use of intoxicating liquor by any persons when on duty, in the military railway service, is positively forbidden. All employees of the Government in this Department, detected in using liquors when on duty, carrying it with them on any military road, will be dismissed from the service.

The Wheat Crop.—The editor of the Ohio *Farmer* having just returned from a considerable circuit of travel in Eastern and Central Ohio, and Western Pennsylvania, we have to report the wheat prospect as not very promising. Some, indeed many fields all along our route, but more particularly in Central Ohio and Western Pennsylvania look as if they would come out well, while many others show no signs of life at this time.—Two or three weeks of sunshine will tell whether these fields are to go under entirely, or whether they will come to life again.

The New York Central Park.—More than 69,000 trees, shrubs and herbaceous plants were planted in New York Central Park last year.—The carriage drive now completed is about eight miles in length; bridle-road five miles, and walks twenty miles. Over 4,000,000 persons visited the park in 1863, and in one day over 8,000 carriages entered the drives.

☞ "My dear madam, can you give me a glass of grog?" asked a fatigued traveler in the Highlands, as he entered a cabin on the road side. "I ain't got a drop, stranger," said the woman. "But a gentleman told me that you had a barrel." "Why, good gracious! replied the woman, what do you reckon one barrel of whiskey is to me and my children when we are out of milk.

☞ A young lad ran away from home and went to a tavern, where he was found by a friend, with a cigar in his mouth. "What made you leave home?" inquired his friend. "Oh," said he, "father and mother were so saucy that I couldn't stand it, so I quit them."

☞ A Yankee who occupied a berth directly over a lawyer, began to grow restless. The lawyer, noticing that his restlessness increased, asked: "I say, are you a fool?" "No, sir, I am above a fool!"

☞ It is not generally known that the salary of the Governor-General of India, which is the highest in the gift of the British crown, is thirty thousand pounds sterling a year, (about $150,000,) exclusive of allowances, which may be estimated at ten thousand pounds.

☞ Rowland Hill said once to some people who had come into his chapel to avoid the rain, "Many people are to be blamed for making religion a cloak; but I do not think those much better who make it an umbrella."

☞ Cultivate the mind; richly cultivated fields will follow as a consequence of intelligent labor. Respect and esteem, position and influence, will come in their places.

☞ Health comes of itself, but we are at great pains to get our diseases. Health comes from a simple life of nature; disease from the artificial life of nature.

☞ Santa Anna has, it is said, given in his adhesion to Maximilian and is going to Mexico to tell him so. The Duke will find him a nuisance.

☞ The greatest object in the universe, says a certain philosopher, is a good man struggling with adversity, yet a greater one still is the good man who comes to relieve it.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, April 6, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For President in 1864,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW G. CURTIN

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold to D L. Imbrie, present Editor & Proprietor of the Beaver *Argus*, my accounts for Subscription, Advertising, &c., all those indebted will please call and settle with him. T.C. NICHOLSON.

REMOVAL.—The ARGUS OFFICE has been removed to the room over Dr. Cummins' Drug Store, nearly opposite our old office, where we may be found at all times, ready to attend to the wants of our friends and patrons. Entrance at the North side of the building.

Editorial Correspondence.

NEW YORK, March 28, 1864.

Dear Argus—We left Philadelphia Friday the 26th, at 2 p. m., and arrived in this city at 7 p. m., coming by way of the Camden & Amboy R.R. to Amboy, and thence by steamer, a distance of forty miles. There is another route from Philadelphia to New York, much nearer and more speedy, viz: the Trenton & New Jersey road, which makes the distance between the two cities in about three hours.—We preferred the former route however, because by it we secured a ride of forty miles on board a steamer, so much pleasanter than riding in a crowded car, with its never failing concomitant, smoke—and at this season dust also. The scenery from Amboy to New York is very fine, and, in addition to the scenery and the comfort, the approach to the city gives you an opportunity to see much you would not otherwise see. The splendid residences, beautiful villas, and cultivated and ornamental grounds that skirt either side of the Hudson, with its beautiful, interesting and varied landscape, excite the interest and admiration of the passenger. We recommend any of our readers visiting New York, and especially for the first time, to go by this route. The two Railroads we have named are the great monopolies of New Jersey, controling its legislation, its laws, its courts, and its people. So completely is the legislation under the control of these Railroads that it is utterly impossible to pass an act that will in any way control, modify or infringe in the least any of the rights, privileges or usurpations of the roads. Just at this time there is great excitement in New Jersey among the people, and especially in the Legislature, because the Government is proposing to construct a road from New York to Philadelphia, and break down the monopolies. Members of the Legislature, in their denunciations of the Government, have gone so far as to threaten secession, provided the contemplated project is proceeded with. This may be accounted for, in part from the fact that a large majority of the people of that State are of the copperhead persuasion, and gladly embrace every pretext to denounce and embarrass the Government, but they are also under the control of these monopolies, and must be obedient to their interests and wishes. The proposed road, if constructed, would reduce the fare and freight from New York to Philadelphia one half; but even this has no weight with the citizens of that State. In fact, New Jersey has no independence and very little existence outside of these railroads, and the sooner its shackles are stricken off, by crippling these monopolies, the better. When that is done, we believe a political reformation will take place, and copperheadism give place to unionism, and that State take her stand with New York, in favor of unconditional loyalty and an enlightened, progressive humanism.

New York city is as full of life and business, apparently, as it was years ago. No one could miss, and very few strangers believe, that nearly one hundred thousand of the citizens of the metropolis were in the army fighting the battles of the country. The streets are thronged as ever, and on Broadway, especially, there is one constant, uninterrupted stream of life pouring along, seemingly unconcerned and apparently unconscious of the evils and ravages of war. The hotels were all crowded. Among the best hotels in the city the Fifth Avenue, Astor and St. Nicholas stand first, the two latter being on Broadway. The Fifth Avenue is in the aristocratic part of the city, and is, we think, in many respects, to be found in any of the Eastern cities. The St. Nicholas has been the great house, and is yet unsurpassed by very few, if any, in the country. The Astor House was the great house of the city years ago, and is yet second to very few, although it is beginning to look rather ancient. In addition to these there are scores of others that, in any other city, would be first class. Among them we will only mention the Metropolitan, St. James, Fafarge, Putnam and Earle's.

This being good Friday, the Episcopalians, Catholics, and, indeed, most of the Churches in the city had services of some kind during the day.

We stepped into Trinity Church (Episcopal) on Broadway, one of the richest and finest churches in the city, having the highest steeple and most interesting history of any. The church was tastefully decorated and redolent with the oder of flowers.—Connected with this church is a graveyard, according to the old style, in in which are buried some of the great and good of former days. Here lies Hamilton, than whom no greater, purer, nobler man ever lived to whom we are more indebted than any other, save Washington, for our National Independence and subsequent greatness. A plain monument, erected by this church, marks the spot. Near him is another monument, erected in memory of his wife, Eliza, daughter of Governor Schuyler. Here, too, is a monument, erected by this church, in memory of Capt. Lawrence, of the frigate Chesapeake, who sacrifice his life in the last war with England while fighting so gallantly, and whose last words, "Don't give up the ship," will live and be cherished while the nation lives. While standing beside his monument we fancied we heard him saying to us as a people, while our ship of State is tossed and threatened by foes at home and foes abroad, while the battle rages with varying and apparently uncertain results, while the dark clouds lower and the faint-hearted despair, "Don't give up the ship," your flag shall yet triumph, the skies become clear, and the nation saved, shall become once more great and prosperous having passed through this baptism of blood to purify it.—Here, too, lies buried that eminent and good man, Albert Gallatin. Although born in France, his life was spent in this country, and Pennsylvania loves to call him her own. His history belongs to that of our noble Commonwealth, and certainly no name reflects greater credit upon the State, and none of her sons is more worthy of our remembrance. There is a fine monument erected in this Yard to the memory of those who died in prison for opinion's sake during the occupation of the city by the British. The tomb-stones, of which there were a great many, were mostly of the old fashioned stone slab, decayed, defaced and obliterated by time, contrasting strongly with the splendor of the surroundings.

We visited Barnum's Museum, and found much that was interesing, many rare animals, birds and fishes, curiosities from nature and art that amply repaid us. Barnum is a permanent institution of the city, and are glad to see he is combining more of the useful and instructive with his humbugs than formerly. On Sabbath morning we went to Brooklyn to hear Beecher, starting early, as we thought, to enable us to get seats When we arrived there, we found great crowds outside waiting admittance. Having a ticket for a seat we pushed our way thro' the crowd and entered the church.—It is a plain, old fashioned brick church, but very large, capable, we think, of holding five thousand people at least. After much difficulty we succeeded in securing a seat. The church was literally packed. Every available spot was taken up where a man could sit or stand, and many were still unable to obtain admission at all. Everything has been done to accommodate the people that can be done—The aisles have seats that fold up, admitting those who pass to the front until it is full, and then unfold, this filling the aisles also. A second gallery has been constructed next the roof, and even up there, with their heads touching the ceiling, sat a listening and eager multitude.—Beecher still look young, and was it not for his hair, which is turning grey, would not appear to be over thirty-five years of age. He has a fine physical frame, well preserved constitution. On seeing his audience we felt that no other minister in the land could draw such crowds, and after hearing him we were as fully convinced that no other man could hold them better. His voice is fine, his articulation distinct, and his manner pleasant. We will not describe his sermon, as everybody reads them for themselves. It seemed to us while listening that we never heard preaching before. His sermon was on the progress of christianity, and he commenced reading from his notes, but, soon throwing them aside, he proceeded in the most eloquent electrifying manner to speak of its progress and ultimate trimph. We never saw a man have such control over his audience, swaying them at will. His sermon was great in conception, in research, in depth of argument, in adaption, and great in its manner of delivery, its earnestness, and eloquence. We have heard more eloquent men, but none that could exorcise such a magnetic attraction over their audience. His power consists in his great ability, his earnestness and feeling, and more we think in his independence. He does not feel that a minister is something more than a man, as many of our ministers do—He speaks and acts as a man should. There was nothing in his sermon or manner but what was perfectly orthodox and proper, so far as we could judge; certainly we never heard the truths of the Bible more forcibly presented or the necessity of salvation more earnestly urged. Another attraction here is the singing. The church has a fine organ, but that had not halt the charm for us that the fine Congregational singing had.—Every body sings, preacher and people, stranger and members. All have books provided and all sing. It is grand to hear such music—thousands of voices rising in harmony with swelling notes and majestic harmony of the organ in praise to God. We wish churches would more generally follow the example of Beecher's in this respect. If there is anything that gives life and energy to religion, that arouses up the devotional and makes the service of the sanctuary pleasant, it is the praise of our creator in harmony. In the afternoon we went to hear Dr. Tyng of the Episcopal Church, one of the great preachers of the city, an eloquent, fervent and good man, worthy of his great reputation. In the evening we heard Dr. Chapin, who stands next to Beecher in ability and eloquence His church is on Broadway, and is a fine, costly edifice. It was crowded, as it always is, many having to leave for want of even standing room. Dr. Chapin is about fifty years of age, has a beautiful voice, clear and melodious, is unexceptionable in manner and is more eloquent than Beecher, though he fails to exercise as much influence over his audience. He preached from the text, "He went about doing good," and his sermon was practical and good, as well as beautiful.

New York has great preachers, large churches, wealthy members, and fashionable congregations, but no more piety, earnest, devout christians than is to be found elsewhere among the poor and obscure. Sabbath in New York seems to us as a holiday, and sanctity is little regarded by the larger part of the population. In many places business was carried on as usual.

Loyal Clergy.

At the late Session of the Pittsburg Conference, of the M. E. Church which assembled at Barnaville, in the State of Ohio, that body, composed of some two hundred Ministers, adopted the following resolutions expressive of their loyal sentiments and in support of the Administration, without a dissenting voice:

"*Resolved*, That we cannot, as a conference, withhold our emphatic condemnation of the conduct of any in the ministry or membership of the Church who have given, or who may give, just cause of suspicion as to their loyalty to our Federal Government.

Resolved, That we return sincere and hearty thanks to Almighty God for the favor which he has shown to our righteous cause during the past year, for the signal and important victories granted to the arms of the nation, and for the rapid and unparalleled spread of the true principles of human liberty.

Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the wisdom and ability of the Administration, under God, to suppress the rebellion, and that we pledge our earnest prayer and our continuous and zealous effort for its support, until the great purpose shall be fully and triumphantly consummated."

These resolutions need no comment upon their merits—containing the undived sentiment of so large a body of talented and respectable christian ministers. They cannot fail to recommend themselves to the honest and thoughtful of all classes. We would earnestly recommend their careful and prayerful examination, to some *professing* christians and *half-way* preachers, as a perfect antidote to copperheadism.

Meeting of Executive Committee.

There will be a meeting of the Co. Executive Committee at the Court House, in Beaver, on Saturday, April 9th, at 1 p. m. Business of importance to the Union cause and the country will be brought before the Committee. A full attendance is requested. D. L IMBRIE, Ch'n.

The following are the names of the members of the Committee:

D. L. Imbrie, Ch'n,	D. B. Shert,
H. Hice,	Robert Scott,
And'w Waterson,	Thos. M. Standish,
Sam'l Moorhead,	John M. Shrodes,
Thos. M. M'Cord,	W. W. Kerr,
Robert Wallace,	Jonathan Paul,
John S. Herron,	Samuel M'Manamy,
George N. Taylor,	Geo. Rauscher,
Samuel A. Power,	Sherlock Stone,
Samuel Mitchell,	Joseph Phillis,
John Cuthbertson,	James Warlock,
S. J. Cross,	Ephraim Smith,
Thos. Nicholson,	Dr. S. M. Ross,
John A. Gibb,	John Slentz,
Milton Lawrence,	John Wilson,
John C. Christy,	J. S. Rutan:

The Northern Copperheads and Slavery.

Whilst such men as John L. Dawson, from Fayette county, and other sympathisers with the rebellion, are spouting forth their treason in Congress and abuse of the Administration for carrying on a war, they are pleased to call an abolitionist war, such men as Gen. Gantt, of Arkansas, and formerly of the rebel army, in his speeches recently delivered in the loyal States, says that the people of Arkansas, turn from slavery with loathing and disgust, and that they approve of the entire policy of the President. The people of that State were once wedded to their favorite institution and had a deep interest in its preservation, but having been convinced that it is essentially a curse to the country, and its continuance used as an excuse for destroying the best Government on earth, they pray for the deliverance of the South from its accursed influence, and have resolved that their State shall be free. Yet in the face of the fact that the wisest and best men in the South who fully understand the whole matter, yet astonishing as it may appear, there are such men in the North, such as Dawson of this State, who would force the Southern States, if necessary, to retain the accursed institution. There are men in the North who never saw a slave and have no interest in slavery, who seem more concerned for the fate of slavery than they in whose social system it has interwoven itself, and who had property in slaves, to the extent of hundred of millions of dollars.

Apparently the great object of the enemies of the Government in the North, properly called "copperhead," is to break down the anti slavery war policy of the Administration. It is the Emancipation Proclamation and other measures connected with it, that forms their greatest grievance, and wrings from their traitorous hearts the most piteous whining. They pretend to say, for the purpose of deluding their blind and ignorant followers, that these acts of the President are the great barriers to the speedy termination of the war, and the peaceable restoration of the Union. They continue to insist upon this, although now evidence arises before them every day, manifesting in the clearest manner that the feeling on the part of those in the South who desire peace is precisely the opposite. Every day we receive information of new accessions to the Union cause from some part of the South within our lines, when they can express their feelings without fear. But there has not been an instance of a Southern man of any character, who has been converted, that has borne testimony that the anti-slavery acts of the President have, or now are, standing in the way of a restoration of the Union. Upon the other hand the leaders of the rebellion never complained of the efforts to break down and destroy the institution of slavery. It makes no difference with them what course our Government pursues, they are determined that the Union shall never be restored. In every State thus far restored, the people almost unanimously desire to have a free constitution, to get clear of the blighting curse of slavery, the sole cause of the trouble and dissension ever since the days of the revolution.

We suppose the copperhead insurrection, or rather armed mob, in Illinois has been incited by the disloyal speeches of such men as Saulsbury, Powell, Cox and Dawson, in Congress, and their friends and allies in the Pennsylvania Legeislature and elsewhere in the North. We hope that the authorities of the State of Illinois will make short work of those scoundrels, in such away as to deter copperheads elsewhere from giving aid and encouragement to rebellion against the laws.

☞ CAPT. ANDREW J. WELSH, of the 22d Illinois Regiment, an old acquaintance of ours, and a citizen of Chippewa township, paid us a short visit the other day. He entered the service as a private at the outbreaking of the rebellion, and has been engaged in all the principal battles in which the army of the Cumberland has participated. He carries the scars of honorable wounds upon his person, and, as a reward for zeal and bravery in his country's cause, has been promoted to the head of his company. We congratulate the company on having, for their leader, such a noble looking officer, and, from acquaintance, we feel warranted in saying that the Captain will shrink from no responsibility.—He has returned to join his regiment again in East Tennessee, May success attend him in the future.

☞ Read the advertisement of Thos. M'Creery in another column of our paper. He is now receiving a large stock of new goods from the East. Call and see for yourselves.

The Blundering Hero Again.

We stated in our issue before the last, that the political friends of Gen George B. M'Clellan had been most unfortunate in their actions ever since they had sought to foist him upon the country as a positive candidate for the Presidency. We stated at the time that this political General was entitled to the cognomen of "the Blundering Hero," and pointed out some of the blunders of which he and his friends had been guilty. We now have a most serious blunder to record against the "Hero," one that will cause the very ears of his copperhead allies to tingle. It is well known that Gen M'Clellan has had his report of his military campaign issued as an electioneering document, and that his particular admirers are just now in ecstacies over the appearance of this mighty volume, which is to eclipse the famous annals of Cæsar as far as the renown of "Little Mac" exceeds that of the Conquer of Saul. Now, who would have thought that this great book would be any thing but just right; who have thought that there would have been anything like the "little joker" in it. Alas! for human frailty; alas! for the "Blundering Hero." He has written a book, and that book will condemn him. He has in his volume, kept back part of the truth. The following which we clip from the Pittsburg *Commercial*, will show where the milk is in the cocoanut, and, possibly, account for that other natural inquiry, viz: how did it get there?

M'CLELLAN'S UNPUBLISHED DISPATCHES.—From the report of his military operations, which his friends praise so highly, Gen. McClellan omitted a large number of dispatches, which, had they been published, would it is believed, have furnished reasons for moderation on the part of his peculiar admirers. The publication of these dispatches will, it is now said, soon be undertaken, when the public will have a more thorough idea of what, in a military sense, is meant by the term *McClellanism*.

Some of these dispatches found their way into the newspapers, and we know that at that time they were regarded by some of the best friends of the General as weak, and, to say the least, unfortunate productions.—Among them is the dispatch sent from Williamsburg, on the Peninsula, dated on the evening of the battle, which he spoke of as a great success, in which he promised to "push the enemy to the wall." The battle itself, though conspicuous for hard fighting, and great gallantry by our troops, was a wretched specimen of generalship, and, except in a single particular—the charge of Hancock on the right—a mortifying defeat. We know what disgust that dispatch occasioned, four days after, when it came back in the papers, before even our dead soldiers were buried, when everybody knew that our loss, instead of being some five hundred, which the General stated it to be, was little, if any, under two thousand. Instead of "pusuing the enemy," as he might have done, and as any other general would have done, from the hour he penned the dispatch he commenced another of those causeless, disastrous delays, which culminated in the utter failure of the campaign.

We hope the dispatches will be published, and that some competent hand will write so much of the history of the Peninsular campaign as will expose the conflict between them and the truth—the hopes they raised that were not, but might have been, realized, the charlatan they prove the author to have been, and the utter incompetency evinced in the management of a campaign which promised everything, but which was from the beginning to the end nothing but a series of delays, losses, failures and disasters.

We presume that, should these dispatches be published, as is now proposed, the friends of General McClellan will be driven to say, what we presume is partly the truth, that he was surrounded by and was under the influence of a crowd of men whom he called his staff, wretched adventurers for the most part,—in which, category, Prince De Joinville and his two nephews ought not to be placed,—dead weights whom General Grant would not tolerate for an instant, and most of whom he would deem it his duty to send beyond his lines. General McClellan was not always the author of his dispatches, as his father-in-law, General Marcy, can testify.—Even at that time, it was not difficult to discover that they were written with one eye on the public, and the other, half open, to the truth and the service. This is no new idea, for the fact was freely but forbearingly spoken of then, even by some of the warmest friends of McClellan. With this peculiarity in his dispatches, "father Marcy" was always, by those who understood the surroundings, always coupled. To "father Marcy," therefore, when the whole truth is known, it will be found much should be credited, though the grand cause of Gen. McClellan's failure is native with himself.

SHOCKING MURDER.—A dispatch from Philadelphia of the 4th says: About 9 o'clock last evening a waiter girl by the name of Maggie Baer was shot at the Continental Theatre during the performance, by a man.—Three shots passed through her head, causing instant death. The person charged with the deed hails from Wilmington, Del., and on being arrested made no resistance. He was locked up for a hearing.

BOUNTY FUND.

The following is a statement of monies subscribed and paid by citizens of Borough township, Beaver county, for bounties to volunteers, to fill the quota of said township under the first call of the President for 300,000 men:

Wm. Beaem	$ 25	Thos. Greenlee	50
Henry Hice	200	R. W. Greenlee	25
Frank Agnew	200	James Bevington	50
G. W. Hamilton	200	N. J. Lloyd	15
J. S. Rutan	50	D. L. Imbrie	100
A. B. Moore	75	I. N. Atkins	100
M. Weyand	100	J. C. Wilson	20
Alex. Clark	50	T. T. M'Kibben	25
J.H. Cunningham	50	O. S. Long	50
Fred Walters	50	David Ramsey	100
J. Ledlie	50	S. J. Small	25
S. Davenport	150	Henry Mertz	25
Erwin Crail	200	Wm. Orr	50
J. V. M'Donald	25	H. B. Anderson	20
T. M'Creery	10	Joseph Strock	50
John Barclay	100	James Watterson	10
D. Shumaker	50	David Morgan	10
& B. Wilson	100	R. T. Taylor	50
J. R. Eakin	50	S. A. Purvis	75
I. Sutherland	10	John Shumaker	75
E. Eckler	25	Wm. M'Clintock	50
Jacob Stone	10	John Bishop	50
Lucien Conrad	25	Danl Reisinger	20
John Caughey	20	G. C. Bradshaw	10
S. B. Mercer	50	S. B. French	150
W. Johnston	25	S. H. Pelsol	50
S. Holt	80	Joseph May	25
Thos. Jackson	25	Benj. Adams	50
Marmaduke Wilson	10	A. G. M'Creary	40
Tho. Cunningham	100	Paul Heberling	10
Wm. C. Gray	10	Aaron Moore	5
P. L. Grim	20	Hugh Anderson	10
D. M'Kinney	5	Fred. Dauber	8
John Hermann	5	D M. Donehoo	10
Wm. H. M'Kenzie	5	Addison Parsons	20
T. B. Conway	5	James Campbell	50
C.P.Cummins & son	50	Chas. Latterner	20
Wm. Harrah	50		
Total am't rec'd on subscription			$3,713

Amount of Bounty paid 14 men at $250,00 each	$3,500 00
Discount on uncurrent money	1 84
	3,501 84

The balance of money in my hands, after filling the first quota of fourteen men, was $211 66 cents, which was paid over for the purpose of filling our quota of eleven men under the second call for 200,000 men.

GEO. W. HAMILTON.

Important Circular.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PRO. MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Mar. 28, 1864.

The following opinion of William Whiting, Solicitor of the War Department, is re-published for the information of all persons liable to be enrolled in the military forces of the United States, and intending to leave their place of residence for other places at a distance therefrom. The laws against desertion will be rigidly enforced:

"When a person has been drafted in pursuance of the Enrollment Act, of March 3d, 1863, notice of such draft must be served within ten days thereafter, by a written or printed notice, to be served on him personally, or by leaving a copy at his last place of residence, requiring him to appear at a designated place of rendezvous for duty. Any person failing to report for duty after notice left at his last place of residence, or served on him personally, without furnishing a substitute or paying $300, is pronounced by law to be deserter; he may be arrested and held for trial by by a court-martial and sentenced to death.

"If a person after being drafted, and before receiving notice, deserts, the notice may still be served on him by leaving it at his last place of residence, and if he does not appear in accordance with the notice, or furnish the substitute or pay the $300 he will be in law a deserter and must be treated accordingly. There is no way or manner in which a person once enrolled can escape his public duties, and when drafted, whether present or absent, whether he changes his place of residence or absconds, the rights of the United States against him are secured, and it is only by performance of his duty to the country, that he can escape liability to be treated as a criminal."

JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

Agricultural.

Pursuant to adjournment, and previous notice, the Board of Managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society met at the Court House, in Beaver, on Friday, March 25th, 1864. According to the notice heretofore given, the Fair Grounds belonging to the Society were publicly offered for rent for the ensuing year, and the same were leased to Capt. Chas. Stone, for the sum of $65,00, that being the highest sum bidder therefor.

It was then, on motion, resolved that the Society will hold their usual Annual Fair on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 21st, 22nd and 23rd days of September next.

On motion, the Board adjourned to meet at the Court House, on Saturday the 30th day of April, at 1 o'clock, p. m., when and where all members of the Board are earnestly requested to attend, as the Premium List will then be prepared, and all necessary arrangements made for holding the Fair.

JOHN M. SHRODES, *V. Pres.*
H. HICE, *Sec'y. pro tem*

Senator Hicks on Emancipation

Thomas H. Hicks, of Maryland, writes to the Cambridge (Md.) *Herald*, from Washington, under date of Mar. 24: "The general interests of our once happy and prosperous country are deeply involved in the doings of the day. All should be willing to make a sacrifice on the altar of our Union. What are men compared to the great interests now before us?—Feeling, as I do, that the interests of Maryland and our dear country at large must be promoted by the destruction of slavery, I am decidedly in favor of emancipation, with compensation by the government. True it is that the war cannot cease, nor the restoration of the Union be effected, until slavery is wiped from the land; then let it come, and come soon, even if it must be with or without compensation."

DIED.—In Beaver, on Wednesday evening, the 23rd of March, in the 22d year of her age, Mrs. ELIZABETH JANE, wife of Wm. Anderson, and eldest daughter of Mr. Robert Boucom, of Brighton township.

It is with deep and heartfelt sorrow that we record this painful dispensation of Providence, yet it is not for *her* we sorrow who, we have abundant reason to believe, has been called to these bright mansions that shine beyond the darkness of the tomb—but for those friends and relatives who loved her here—and they were many—and, especially, for the berett husband and the four little tender children, who are left to mourn their early loss. For it is in the home circle that they have lost an ornament and a blessing. To deep and sincere piety she added a gentle manner—and those who experienced at home her noble example and disposition of mind, kind counsel, tender and ever dilligent care, can best appreciate her worth. Being naturally favored with a calm, forgiving, generous temperament and disposition, she combined those amiable qualities which constitute the Christian lady, with a heart full of sympathy for the needy and distressed.

Mrs. Anderson, in very early life, embraced religon, and sought that peace that passeth all knowledge, entered the vineyard of her Divine Master—connecting herself with the First Presbyterian Church of Bridgewater—and abided well her early profession. She loved the gates of Zion, and on the Sabbath, unless prevented by sufficient reason, was always found in her place in the sanctuary. Cut down in the meridian of life, when her prospect for mature age was bright and hopeful, yet she evinced—through her life and in her death—much of that faith which is the believer's title to a possession with Christ, and that hope which is an anchor within the vail.

Her last illness was sudden and unexpected Medical aid was sought promptly, and the treatment diligently and assiduously applied, by the constant care of an anxious husband, and the tender hand of a loving and only surviving sister—together with the assistance of kind neighbors who stood willing to administer in every kind office in the sick room. And while all were thus busied, within a voice stood saying: "*The Master is come and calleth for thee.*" Hearts heavy and sad with grief, carried her down to the silent City of the Dead, and laid her where the willow mourns and the cypress weeps—there to rest until that day when He who has taken her spirit will put his hand on the sea and his right hand on the rivers and call her, with all his redeemed Israel, to the resurrection of the just. Mourning friends, with eyes diffused in tears and hearts burdened with sorrow, look up to the glory where she dwelleth fast by the pure river of life, and contrast your loss with her unspeakable gain, in that brighter home where sickness, sighing and death can never come—but they dwell forever as the angels of God.

"Thus star by star declines,
Till all are passed away,
As morning high and higher shines
To pure and perfect day."

FALLSTON, Mar. 24, 1864. J. E. J.

Slaveholder and his Slaves.

Mr McClurg, the member of Congress from Missouri who attacked General Frank Blair so mercilessly the other day, has given written permits to four of his slaves to go into the army, securing to each of them whatever compensation he himself may be entitled as a loyal owner, and stipulating that in case of the death of the men, their wives and children shall receive the money. He has also written a letter to his "fellow man" Caswell, in, which this passage occurs: "Make your own choice. If you go into the army, let me hear frequently from you. Make peace with your God and you need not fear death. Be temperate; save your earnings.—If you ever fight, fight with desperation, and never surrender. Enrol your name Caswell McClurg, and try to give honor to it. In the army give your idle hours in learning to read and write."

THE ATTACK ON PADUCAH.—The Louisville *Journal* of March 29th says: "Several families arrived in the city yesterday afternoon who are sufferers by the recent fight at Paducah.—They left the town on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, the day after Forrest had made the attack and been repulsed. They tell a sad story of the misery and wreck of property entailed upon the people by the fight. The rebels were in large force, and the assault appears to have been similar to the one made on Fort Donaldson in the winter of sixty-three. The rebels were gloriously drunk, and but little better than a mob. They made the attack upon Paducah without giving the citizens a word of warning."

RETURNING GOOD FOR EVIL.—In striking contrast with the brutal treatment bestowed by the rebels upon our dead, and the sneering remark of the Richmond *Enquirer* that "Yankee bodies are hardly fit to manure Virginia lands," is the proposition of the Gettysburg people to remove the rebel dead, buried on the field of battle, to some place selected where their remains will be undisturbed and secure from the farmer's ploughshare.—It is but another proof the softening influences of refined civilization on the human heart, and its readiness under Christian principles to return good for evil.

☞ A report comes from Cincinnati that Gen. Grant will order South for active duty 150,000 troops now in the North doing guard and post duties, which tasks will hereafter be assigned to the State militia. This immense force, with others on their way East, will swell the Army of the Potomac to the enormous figure of 275,000 men.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

ANNUAL TAXES FOR 1864.

The attention of taxpayers is hereby called to the provisions of the United States Excise Law relative to the assessment of annual taxes.

By the sixth section of the act of July 1, 1862, it is made the duty of all persons, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations, made liable to any annual duty, license, or tax, *on or before the first Monday of May, in each year*, to make a list or return to the Assistant Assessor of the District where located of the amount of annual income, the articles or objects charged with a special tax, and the business or occupation liable to pay any license.

Every person who shall fail to make such return by the day specified will be liable to be assessed by the Assessor according to the best information which he can obtain; and in such case the Assessor is required to add fifty per centum to the amount of the items of such list.

Every person who shall deliver to an Assessor any false or fraudulent list or statement, with intent to evade the valuation or enumeration required by law, is subject to a fine of five hundred dollars; and in such case the list will be made out by the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, and from the valuation and enumeration so made there can be no appeal.

Payment of the annual taxes, except those for licenses, will not be demanded until the thirtieth day of June.

The appropriate blanks on which to make return, and all necessary information, will be furnished by Geo. W. Hamilton Eli Reno, and Wm. R. Trimble, Assistant Assessors for this county, to whom the returns should be delivered on or before the first Monday of May, at their offices, in Beaver, New Brighton and Hookstown respectively.

SAM'L. DAVENPORT,
U. S. Ass'r. ~~24th Dist.~~

Beaver, Feb. 27th, 1864.

Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has given universal satisfaction during the fourteen years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this Liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For colds, coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above beside being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Office, 56 Cortland Street, New-York. Sold by all Druggists.

PRO. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 24TH DIST. PA,
New Brighton, Feb. 8, 64.

Editor Argus: Dear Sir: The enlistment fee of $15 for new recruits, and $25 for veterans, will be paid to any non commissioned officer, private or citizen, who presents an acceptable recruit at this office.

JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—By order of Gov. Morton, the entire Indiana Legion is ordered to hold itself in readiness to take the field at any moment, to repel invasion. A grand review of the whole Legion, numbering two hundred thousand men, fully armed and equipped, will be held on the 15th.

Gen. Ord, specially brought on from Texas for the purpose, is to command the forces in West Virginia in the field, ranking General Sigel in this respect. Gen Sigel is to be in command of the Department, but will not conduct active military operations.

Gen. McCallum has made arrangements for the delivery to the Government of 200 first class locomotives from different points within 30 days.

Dr. Thos. Donehoo, late of Wellsville, Ohio, having located in Beaver, will receive calls at his office in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place.

MARRIED—On the 31st ult., by James R. Lafferty, Esq., DAVID PUGH to Miss ELIZABETH SUMMERVILLE, both of Raccoon tp, Beaver county.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do 100 lbs			3 75
Dried Apples per bushel			1 75
do Peaches	"	"	3 50
Wheat	"	"	1 40
Corn	"	"	1 20
Rye	"	"	1 00
Oats	"	"	75
Barley			
Clover Seed,	"	"	8 00
Timothy Seed,	"	"	3 00
Flax Seed,	"	"	3 00
Beans,	"	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	"	70
Onions,	"	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	"	1 25
Eggs,	"	dozen	20
Butter,	"	lb	30
Hams,	"	"	17
Shoulders,	"	"	12
Sides,	"	"	14
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	16
Candles,	"	"	16
Soap,	"	"	10
Molasses,	"	Gallon	80
Carbon Oil,	"	"	75

Spring and Summer GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving his NEW GOODS, direct from Philadelphia, of the newest styles of

Ladies' Dress Goods & Gent's Wear,

which were selected by one of the ablest and most experienced merchants there, and will be sold at a small advance from cost.

Beaver, Apr. 4, '64. THOS. M'CREERY.

Beaver County, ss:

(SEAL) IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver, before the Hon. L. L. M'Guffin, President, and his associates, Judges of said Court. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver county, dec'd: The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, To Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Joseph Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachel Smith and Thos. Smith; Joseph is deceased, as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz: Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest is said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith; said Hamilton is deceased, as is also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, husband of said Susan is deceased, and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Saml Smith; Rachel Smith is now deceased, leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Saml Smith now deceased, but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John B., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jemison, of Wayne county, Ohio, Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson and Louisa, aged 18 yrs., whose guardian is Daniel Dawson, said John B. Smith being now in the army of the United States in the army of the West, and all others, greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before our Judges of said Court, at Beaver, in and for said county of Beaver, at an Orphans' Court, to be held therein the first Monday of June next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased, at the appraisement put upon it by an Inquest duly awarded by said Court, and returned by the Sheriff to March term, 1864. Valuation, $25,000. And in the event of non-acceptance, to shew cause why the same should not be sold. Witness the Hon. L. L. M'Guffin, President of our said Court, at Beaver, this 26th day of March, 1864.

JOHN A. FRAZIER,
apr6., '64. Clerk.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Jesse Smith, dec'd: You and each of you are hereby notified to be and appear at the time and place mentioned in the foregoing Rule, for the purpose therein set forth.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sheriff.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Annual Taxes for '64.

THE Assistant Assessor of the 4th Division, of the 24th District, of Pennsylvania, will meet with the Tax Payers of said District, for the purpose of receiving returns of Income Tax, and application for License, as follows: North Sewickley, at Woods Store, in Homewood, April 18th; Economy tp., Berry's Mill, in Baden, April 20th; Harmony tp., at the Hotel, in Economy, April 21st; New Sewickley tp., at Piersol's Store, in Unionville, April 22d.

ELI RENO,
Asst. Ass'r. 4th Div. 24th Dist. Pa.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE Board of Directors of the Independent School District of Borough Township wish to employ two male and four female teachers, for a term of 6 months, commencing May 2d. The County Superintendent will meet with the Board at the School House, in the borough of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock, p. m., to examine any persons who may desire it and wish to apply for the school; immediately after which the Board will contract with such persons as may be employed.

H. HICE,
apr. 6, '64. Sec'y. of the Board.

LOST OR MISLAID—Scrip Certificate, issued by the Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company, No. 1557, dividend of 1849, for $65. Application has been made to said Company for a new certificate in place of the one so lost or mislaid.

apr6 R. CALHOUN.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Mar. 31, 1864

Arlington Alice	McClean Richard
Beam Sample	Miller Eliza
Brown Susan	Park Mary
Barnes John	Palmer Elsie
Bathony Mary	Preston Wm. or Jos.
Carlton Guy	Rogers Isaac
Cleary Mollie A	Smith Julian J J
Donevan Thos.	Stoner David
Foster Edward	Swaney D W
Gillrland Lavina	Schluderberg Geo
Gass Sarah	Whitzel Samuel L
Hurselton Sallie	White Wm.
Haworth J	Wood J W
Hopkins John	Wilson John.
Hummezell Fred	

Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester. Pa., Mar. 31st, 1864:

Barnes E A	Kileing Miss Lizzie
Florence Fannie L	Morrison John H
Fish Sarah Jane	Paris Miss Nannie
Graham Mrs Sarah	Shinn Elizabath
Hall Miss Winnie	Stewart Miss Virginia
Hooker H E & Co.	Williams Miss Louisa
Hatfield Maggie E	

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.

MEDICAL CARD.

W. BODENHAMER, M. D.,
Office 854 Broadway, N. Y.,
W. H. BODENHAMER, M. D.,
Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

DEVOTE THEIR ATTENTION TO THE Medical and Surgical treatment of

CHRONIC DISEASES,

Especially those of the LOWER BOWEL, such as Piles, Constipation, Fistula, Fissure, Falling of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel, Stricture of the Bowel, &c. Also, the various Chronic Diseases of the Womb, the Kidneys, the Bladder, etc. mr29

NEW GROCERY AND PRODUCE STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a GROCERY & PRODUCE STORE in the room formerly occupied by Stokes & Tallon, and directly opposite the *Argus* office, where we will keep constantly on hand and for sale a large assortment of Groceries, such as

COFFEE,	RICE,
TEA,	MOLASSES,
SUGAR,	SYRUP;

Also, FLOUR, POTATOES, and all other articles usually kept in a Grocery store.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price.

dec9 T. T. McKIBBIN.

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife, Anna Maria Hammerly, has left my bed and board, without any just cause, I, by these presents, warn the public not to to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

JACOB HAMMERLY.

Economy tp., mar9.64.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all class ses they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity*. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
jan14'63:1y 20 Cedar St., New York.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale, by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Friday, April 29th, 1864,

at 1 p. m. of said day, the following described property belonging to the estate of Francis Marion Erwin, late of Hopewell tp., in said county, dec'd., to wit: The undivided one-third of all that parcel of land situated in the township of Hopewell aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of John Grimes, on the east by land of James Jones, south by land of Jas. Irons, and west by lands of James Irons, containing about 25 acres, more or less, about 18 acres cleared, on which are erected one two story log house, frame stable, &c.; a good spring and some fruit trees on the premises; also the undivided one-third of all that certain other lot of ground situated in the township aforesaid, bounded on the north by lands of Ovid Pinney, on the east by the Ohio river, on the south by lands of John M'Kee, and on the west by lands of David Brose; containing about 62 acres, more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, frame barn and other out-buildings, good well of water and some fruit trees on the premises

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two, equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of Court:

JOHN R. McDONALD,
mr29'64 Adm. of Francis M Erwin, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beavrr County, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Saturday, April 16th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day, all the following described real estate, belonging to Alex. P. Taggert, minor son of James Taggert decd, to wit: All the interest of said Alex. P. Taggert in a certain farm or tract of land situate in Independence tp., in said county, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a post and running thence by the other half of the original tract (of which this is a part), south 1 deg. west 262¼ perches to a post, thence by land of Lockhart south 89 deg. 135¼ perches to a post, thence by land formerly of Schulze, north 1 degree, east 262¼ perches to a post, and thence by land formerly of John Leeper, north 89 deg. west 135¼ perches to the place of beginning, containing about 222 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under cultivation, balance timbered. The premises well watered. There are on the premises one small log dwelling house, log stable, &c. Also a young orchard. The above premises will be sold subject to the dower of Mary M Taggert, widow of James Taggert, dec'd.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confimation of the sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of the Court.

MARY M. TAGGERT,
Guardian of Alex. P. Taggert,
mar23,'64 Hookstown, Pa.

I will also offer for sale my interest in the above described premises at the same time and place above mentioned. JNO. TAGGERT.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, April, 20th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property, being part of the estate of Wm. Anderson, late of the Borough of Beaver, dec'd., now belonging to his minor children, to wit: all that certain parcel or lot of ground being the northern portion of lot No. — in the plan of lots of the Borough of Beaver, bounded north by Fifth or Boundary street, west by Market street, and south by the other part of said lot No —. On which is erected a good two-story frame dwelling house, with frame kitchen attached. Also, a frame stable, and other out-buildings — some fruit trees on the premises—water convenient.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments, from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of the Court,

HUGH ANDERSON,
Guardian of the minor children of Wm. Anderson, dec'd.
mar. 23'64.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Annual Taxes for '64.

The Assessor of the 5th Division of the 24th District, of Pennsylvania, will meet with the Tax Payers of said District for the purpose of receiving reports of Income Tax and applications for License, as follows: Moon township, at House of H. Bimber, April 11th; Hopewell township, in Sheffield, April 14th; Independence township, at Store of G. Miller, April 15th; Raccoon township, at Store of Andrew Wauhopt, April 18th; Hanover tp, House of Hugh McCutcheon, in Frankfort, April 22nd; Greene township, at Store of J. H. Trimble & Co., April 20th.

WM. R. TRIMBLE,
Ass. 5th Div. 24th Dist. Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of CLARINDA WARREN, late of South Beaver tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

J. STEWART ELDER,
Adm'r *de bonis non*,
feb27 South Beaver tp.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Beaver county, will be exposed to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Tuesday, April 26th, 1864.

at 1 o'clock, p. m. the following described property, belonging to the estate of Joseph Moorhead, late of the borough of Bridgewater, in said County, dec'd., to wit: All the undivided one-half of that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, numbered 104 in the plan of said borough, bounded south by third, street, west by branch bank alley, north by turnpike alley and east by lot No. 105, all enclosed, on which are erected one large double frame house, two stories high, with kitchen back, one shop, &c., some fruit trees on the lot, convenient to water, &c

Also, all that certain house and lot situate in the borough of Bridgewater, county aforesaid, numbered 3 in Harrison Mendenhall's plan of said borough, bounded north by lot No. 4, east by water street, south by —— alley, and west by walnut alley, all enclosed, on which is erected one good two story brick dwelling house, &c., all in good order.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation.

By order of Court,

mar.30'64. JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

A Valuable Farm For Sale!

THE subscriber will sell a tract of land, situate in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Pa., containg about 114 acres, on the State Road from Beaver to New Castle, near the Connequenessing Bridge. The land is of a superior character, called locust land—very productive, and being first and second creek bottom, can nearly all be made into meadow. It is well watered by good springs of excellent water. There are about 80 acres cleared, the balance in timber. Coal is abundant near the Farm. There is on the premises, a good two-story Frame House, in which a Store and Post Office are now kept, with a good Stable and out-buildings. There is a Grist and Sawmill, within half a mile.—A Presbyterian and Baptist Churches, and a male and female Seminary, and Common Schools, within less than a mile. The neighborhood is good. Persons desirous of having a good Farm with superior advantages around it, have now an opportunity of purchasing.

WM. B. CLARKE,
Att'y at Law,
Beaver, Pa,

For Sale or Rent.

A STORE ROOM, 25 by 60 feet cellar underneath, dwelling attached, containing five rooms, Ware Room 25 by 30 feet, two stories high, good stabling, &c. Two lots of ground enclosed with the buildings, containing a number of bearing peach trees, grape vines, raspberries, gooseberries, currants, &c.; located on Second street, in the borough of Darlington, Beaver county, Pa. A. T. Railroad runs within 30 feet of the Ware House, and connects with the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad at New Galilee.

mar9 S. J. HARTSHORN

A VALUABLE RIVER FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, situate in Industry township, four miles below Beaver, Beaver county, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

90 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a Frame Dwelling House, 20 by 40 feet, two stories in heigth: a frame barn 35 by 55 feet: frame horse and cow stable; a good Orchard of grafted fruit trees. (The C. & P. R.R. passes through this farm.) About 140 acres of this land is underlaid with a four feet vein of coal, open in two places, and in working order. The above farm is a very valuable one, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also, a lot containing TWELVE ACRES, one mile from Beaver—improved; suitable for a Gardener or Nurseryman. Title good, and terms easy. ROBERT M'CREERY.

Beaver, Jan6, '64.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR

IN addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

mar. 25, '63.

The Howe Sewing Machine.—

(INVENTED IN 1845.)

IN 1862, at the WORLD'S FAIR, awarded a PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL as the best Sewing Machine for all purposes on exhibition; besides, Four Gold Medals for *superior sewing*, and that to as many exhibitors

CLASSIFICATION.—1. Family Machine. 2. Family and Tailoring. 3. Tailoring and Gaiter-Fitting. 4. Boot and Shoe (heavy). 5. Carriage Trimming and Harness Making.

Its stitch is unrivaled. The Family Machine guarantied to make perfect work equally well on the Lightest and Heaviest Fabrics. For sale by

A. WYNN, Agent, Beaver, Pa.

Oct. 7, 1863.

For Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent, from the 1st of April, his house, situated in Brighton township, about 1-4 from Beaver. Said house is built of brick, and contains 8 rooms, to which is attached about 1-2 acre of ground, with fruit trees thereon. Apply to

WM. G. WOLF,
mar2'64 Brighton tp.

A. Bestwick.

BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS,
New Brighton, Pa.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,
And the most approved patterns of
Pittsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves. [mar23'64

Election.

THE Stockholders of "the Company for erecting a bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President; six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said Company, on the last Monday (25th) of April, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m.

mar21'64 JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

The Diamond.

or

ROCHESTER, PA,

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE,

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING DRY GOODS

Prints—Best Chintz Styles,

From 18 3-4 to 25 cents per yard.

Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Table Diapers, Jeans, Cassimeres, Brown and Bleached Muslins,

And a full line of

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN

DRESS GOODS.

SPRING DE LAINES,

A very choice selection of styles and quality, at prices within the reach of all.

BARRED FLANNELS AND WOOLEN GOODS,

At ruinous prices, at

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

(Near the Post Office,)

ROCHESTER, PA.

Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D. D.
" D. A. CUNNINGHAM.
" C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THE FALL TERM of fourteen weeks opens on TUESDAY, the first day of September. Rates per term for board and furnished Room.........................$40 00

For full particulars address

S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.

aug12:1t

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governss.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough; especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c........................$38 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of BENJ. M'GAFFICK, late of Ohio twp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. B. M'GAFFICK, } Brighton tp,
JESSE M'GAFFICK, }
AND'W M'GAFFICK, Chippewa tp,
feb10, 64 Executors.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'— to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubbing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

A Card.

HAVING sold our entire stock of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, at New Brighton, to JAMES H. STOKES, we take great pleasure in recommending him to the citizens of this vicinity, as an exceedingly clever, agreeable and accommodating salesmen, and solicit for him the custom of our former patrons, and all others in want of good goods at low prices. M'CLELLAND & CO.

New Brighton, Feb. 1, '64.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now, prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community superior accommodation and comfort ered in their establishment.

aug.19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co,

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of

BEAVER AND VICINITY

and solicits a share of public patronage.

OFFICE IN

Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.

dec16, '63

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public.

Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND! ALWAYS READY. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightly wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Yo cannot put into the Knapsack y r Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable nor more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Thefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made officinal in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be sent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicias who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,
Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,
Citrate of Irod and Citrate of Iron and Quinine; very soluble,
Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark agreeable; chalybeates,
Syrup of the Hypophosphites,
Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides; a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,
Oxalata of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting,
Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated,
Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia; same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects.
Pyro-phosphate of Iron; soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

GEO. W. WEYMAN,
Cor. 3d & Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

DR. GEO. CLEIS.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.

His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present, where he can be consulted at any time, Wednesdays excepted, which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.

Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing —all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec23:4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN M. LUKENS, late of the boro. of Rochester Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY LUKINS, Adm'rx.
feb3'64. Rochester, Pa.
T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents: paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.

mar26.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D. .... J. M. CUMMINS, M. D

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionly engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

PITTSBURG WATER CURE;

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all form of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

For Pictorial Circular address

DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
104 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1863.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSRRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in its eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its gratuates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotton up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared on efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular, All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.,
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9. '63. I. N. ATKINS.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK, Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.
HON. ALBIN BEARD, Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.
HON. E. W. HARRINGTON, Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.
HON. JOHN ABBOTT, Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.
HON. A. H. BULLOCK, Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.
HON. NATH'L SILSBEE, Mayor of SALEM, MASS.
HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr., Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.
HON. WM. M. RODMAN, Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.
HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE, Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.
HON. J. N. HARRIS, Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.
HON. CHAS. S. RODIER, Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.
HON. D. F. TIEMANN, Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.
HON. H. M. KINSTREY, Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.
HON. ADAM WILSON, Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.
HON. R. M. BISHOP, Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.
HON. I. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.
HON. JOHN SLOAN, Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.
HON. JAMES McFEETERS, Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.
HON. JAMES W. NORTH, Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.
HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr., Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.
HON. JAMES S. BEEK, Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.
HON. WILLARD NYE, Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.
HON. J. BLAISDELL, Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.
HON. W. H. CRANSTON, Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.
HON. FRED STAHL, Mayor of GALENA, ILL.
HON. JOHN HODGDEN, Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.
HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD, Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
HON. ROBERT BLAIR, Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.
HON. R. D. BAUGH, Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.
HON. GERARD STITH, Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.
HON. H. D. SCRANTON, Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.
HON. DE WITT C. GROVE, Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.
HON. GEO. WILSON, Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.
HON. C. H. BUHL, Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.
HON. HEMAN L. PAGE, Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.
HON. W. W. VAUGHN, Mayor of RACINE, WIS.
HON. A. FARR, Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.
HON. JOHN C. HAINES, Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.
HON. M. J. A. HEATH, Mayor of SELMA, ALA.
HON. A. J. NOBLE, Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.
HON. W. S. HOLYBAD, Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.
DON ESPARTERO MANUEL, Mayor of VERA CRUZ.
DON PIETRE DE CABALLO, Mayor of MEXICO.
DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES, Mayor of HAVANA.
DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA, Mayor of LIMA, PERU.
DON M. G. MILANGNO, Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.
DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA, Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
And sold by Druggists every where.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.
MANUFACTUTERS OF
CARBON OIL,
ROCHESTER.
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

State Normal School.
EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

THE buildings are new, neat and convenient; good libraries, Reading Room and Apparatus; Instruction thorough and practical.

Tuition per term of fourteen weeks, $4,00; Board $2,25 per week; $36,50 pays the whole term's expense, including the use of text books.

The Fall term opens, August 18, 1863.
Send for Circular.
J. A. COOPER, A. M., Principal.
aug5:3m

JOY, COE & CO.,
Advertising and Commission Agents
AND DEALERS IN
PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS
Type, Printing Materials,
WRITING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFFICES—Brown's Buildin6, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.
[mar26:1y.

HOOKSTOWN
SELECT SCHOOL,
Opens Monday, Sept. 28th.
Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,
Taught on the most favorable terms.
Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

NOTICE.
Joseph Dunlap vs. Sarah Dunlap.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 4, Sept. Term, 1863. Libel in Divorce.

To the respondent in above case:—You are hereby notified to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, at a Court to be held in Beaver, in said county, on the 1st Monday (7th day) of March, 1864, to answer the complaint of Joseph Dunlap in the above case.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
Beaver, Jan. 6,'64.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—In the Orphans' Court of said County, in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased. To John B. Smith, Isaac Jamison and Susan his wife, heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, and all others interested: Take notice that an Inquisition, to make partition and valuation of said real estate, will be held upon the premises on the 18th day of December, 1863, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.
dec2 JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

Valuable
REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot belonging to the heirs of Col. JOSEPH H. WILSON, deceased, situate on the North side of the Diamond, in the boro' of Beaver. Also out-lot No. 16, adjoining the east end of said borough, containing Eight Acres, is now offered for sale. For particulars enquire of
JOHN H. WILSON, Franklin tp. or
A. R. MOORE, Beaver.
dec23,63

T. M. McCord,
Notary Public.
OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
(*Near the Provost Marshal's office,*
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft: also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby givehen that letters of administration upon the estate of Dr. GEORGE W. ALLISON, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
THOMAS ALLISON, Administrator,
dect.23'63-5t. Bridgewater, Pa.

ADMINISRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JAS. REED, sr., late of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES REED, jr., Adm'r.,
jan6'64, Hanover tp.

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of
BEAVER AND VICINITY.
OFFICE IN
The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of
dec16] *the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.*

Estate of Col. R. P. Roberts.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Col. RICHARD P. ROBERTS, late of the borough of Beaver, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immdiate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
WM. HENRY, Executor & Trustee.
Fallston, Dec. 21, '63.—*

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of
oc22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

MILLINERY
AND
DRESS-MAKING.

MRS. Z MOORE announces to the public that she has removed a few rods from her late residence, where she intends continuing the MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING business, in all its various branches. She has lately received a well selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, to which she invites the attention of her customers. A continuance of the patronage heretofore liberally bestowed, is respectfully solicited.
Beaver, Sept. 20, '63.—4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY COWAN, Sr., late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.
HENRY COWAN, Jr.,
feb3'64. Adm'r.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Registers Office, Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.

The first and final account of Michael Conkle, Sr., Administrator of the estate of John Conkle, dec'd.

Final account of James Nelson, administrator of the estate of Thomas Moore, deceased.

The final account of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Patrick Keating, dec'd.

The final account (real and personal) of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator, de-bonisnon, with will annexed of John Niblo, dec'd.

The final account (personal) of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The final account of John Eidemiller, administrator of the estate of J. C. Iehle, dec'd.

The final account of Jacob Householder, executor of the last will of Philip H[illegible]flug, dec'd.

The final account of Eli Ramsey, acting executor of the last will of Robert Ramsey, dec'd.

The final account of John Garrard, administrator of the estate of John Eaton, dec'd.

The final account of James Todd, Jr., administrator of the estate of James Todd, Sr., dec'd

The first and final account of Daniel M. Donehoo, administrator of the estate of John Glenn, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of William K. Boden, administrator of Samuel S. Hamilton, dec'd.

The final account of William K. Boden, administrator of Francis Murrel, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of Richey Eakin, executor of the last will of David Eakin, sr., dec'd,

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Brittain, Guardian of Josiah H. & Ann Elizabeth Brittain, minor heirs of John Brittain, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of R. M. Rhodes, Guardian of William, Elijah, Sarah Jane & Ann Eliza Powell, minor children of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Daniel Risinger, Guardian of Wm. Morton, jr., minor son of Wm. Morton, sr., dec'd.

The Guardian account of Benj. M'Farlin, Guardian of Mary Emma Powell, minor daughter of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Jos. C Wilson, Guardian of Maria J. Scott, minor heir of James Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Mehaffey, Guardian of Elizabeth J. & Mary Agness Glenn, minor heirs of John Glenn, dec'd.

The Guardian account of P. Mulvanon, Guardian of Edwin H. Douds, minor son of James H. Douds, dec'd.

The Guardian account of John Thomas, Guardian of Thomas B. Daniels, minor son of Daniel Daniels.

The Guardian account of Jackinan T. Stockdale, Guardian of Susan E. Calhoon, minor heir of Thos. D. Calhoon, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Weaver, Guardian of Sebastian, Stephen and Ellen Small, minor children of Martin Small, dec'd.

The Account of Regina Miller, Administratrix of John Miller, dec'd, who was Guardian of John, Martin, Catharine and Adam Freshcorn, minor children of Adam Freshcorn, deceased.

The Account (real estate) of Wm. Whan, administrator of the estate of Clement Z. Souders, dec'd.

ALFRED R. MOORE,
Feb. 3, 1864. Register

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, and approved *nisi.*

Personal property to the amount of $300, elected to be retained by the widow of Jeremiah Hanibal, late of Economy township, deceased, Charles Brown, Adm'r.

Real and personal property to the amount of $198, by widow of Samuel Miller, late of New Gallilee, deceased, William Whan, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of John Ewing, late of the Borough of Frankfort, deceased, Thomas Nicholson, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Christian Leffler, late of Brighton township, deceased, Peter Angel, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300 by widow of George Dawson, late of the Borough of Glassgow, deceased, Benoni R. Dawson, William Dawson, Ex'rs.

Personal property to the amount of $300,-20, by widow of Milton McMinn, late of Darlington township, deceased, I. A. W. Edgar, Esq., Adm'r., Mary Jane McMinn, Adm'x.

Real Estate, lot No 7, situate in the Borough of New Brighton, claimed to be retained in part or otherwise to the amount of $300, by widow of Francis Webb, late of New Brighton, deceased, Mary J. Webb, Ex'rx.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Dr. George W. Allison, late of the Borough of Beaver, deceased, Thomas Allison, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of James Reed, Sr., late of Hanover township, deceased. James Reed, Jr., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300 to the widow of Terran T. Shaffer, deceased, late of the borough of New Brighton.
BENJAMIN BEDISON, Adm'r.
SARAH E. SHAFFER, Adm'x.
JOHN A. FRAZIER,
Beaver, Feb. 3d, 1864. Clerk.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mar26:1y

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.
GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct.15—4t. Examining Surgeon.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CAMPBELL & LEHMER, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. CAMPBELL, who will be found at the Foundry.
THOS. CAMPBELL,
Sept. 16, 1863. JNO. S. LEHMER.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.
Jan. 28,'64.

Beaver Seminary.

THE SUMMER TERM, of 14 weeks, will open on Monday the 28th of March.
For particulars address
S. B. MERCER, Superintendent,
mar9,64 Beaver, Pa.

PHOENIX
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME
MANUFACTORY,
NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET,
173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215
CENTRE STREE.
ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

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MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa, or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps. Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

Afflicted and Unfortunate, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.
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This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

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THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

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Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

A THOUSAND YEARS,
Work's Great War Song, Words and Music, in January Number.

A SCHOOL MAGAZINE FREE! — CLARK'S SCHOOL VISITOR.— Volume VIII.

The Publisher of this favorite Monthly, in order to reach all schools, will send the VISITOR one year *gratis* to one person (who will act as Agent), at any post-office in the United States. This is an unparalleled offer.

Address, with five cents enclosed, for particulars,
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1308 Chuestnut St., Phila., Pa

FALLSTON
WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week. Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.
je17,63 EPH'M SMITH.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSIAH TODD, dec'd., late of Industry twp, Beaver co, Pa, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
mar 2, '64 Ohio tp.

Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Oct. 12, 1863.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting, will be held at the Banking House, in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 3d day of November ensuing, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M. And the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, at the same place, on Monday, the 16th, day of November, between 10 A. M., and 3 P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.
EDWARD HOOPS Cashier.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

***Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
May 7.

600 OOO
MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS
TO SELL
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The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,-000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States, Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Chance for Investment,
At Big Sewickly Station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny County

THE subscriber offers for sale 200 acres of fine upland, suitable for a Dairy or Sheep Farm, with 40 acres of rich Creek Bottom; also, 100 acres of River Bottom.

This valuable property will be sold to purchasers. For particulars inquire of
W. C. DUNN,
oct28,'63. Remington Station,

Estate of Harvey Gamble, dec'd.

LETERS of administration onthe estate of HARVEY GAMBLE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES BRITTAIN, Adm'r.,
feb10,64 Greene tp.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.
A Family and an Agricultural Journal,
DEVOTED TO
CHOICE LITERATURE,
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AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

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EMBRACING
Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.
In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper co[illegible]on of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms,* to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

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No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois.*"—*Atlantic Monthly.*

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"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo,* is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

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The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR." Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading.

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

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New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful
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And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

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DR. WM. B. HURD'S
DENTAL TREASURY
A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR
PRESERVING THE TEETH
Purifying the Breath and Mouth
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Curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

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Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.

Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.

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Full directions for use is on each article.

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The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post-paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

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The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,
WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Store. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

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The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

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But their cost is so small that every one can test the matter for himself.

Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acid nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

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Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

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ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

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Dr. Hurd's Toothache Droops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

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NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache,* apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Can be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

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The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they want them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing stamps for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; and to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

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CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune by carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,
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